Tropospheric ozone trends from harmonized ground-based measurements



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RMI/STCE Seminar, 5 February 2025



Outline

- Introduction: (tropospheric) ozone
- From TOAR-I to TOAR-II
- Harmonized ground-based measurements (HEGIFTOM)
- Tropospheric ozone column distribution (+ impact of COVID-19)
- Tropospheric ozone column trends
 - ✓ Individual site trends
 - ✓ Regionalized trends
 - (+ impact of COVID-19)
- Conclusions









- 90 % of atmospheric ozone
- formed by a balance between UV sunlight that creates ozone and chemical reactions that destroy it
- beneficial role: acts as primary UV radiation shield
- 10 % of atmospheric ozone
- important for tropospheric chemistry as the primary source of the OH radical, the socalled "detergent" of the atmosphere
- harmful impact: toxic effects on humans (health), ecosystems and crops
- greenhouse gas (→ climate)

Average ozone profile at Uccle





Tropospheric Ozone



- formation/destruction of tropospheric ozone by
 - ✓ stratosphere-troposphere exchange
 - photochemical formation: sun + precursors (NO_x, CO, CH₄, and VOC) coming from vehicul exhaust and industrial emissions
 - ✓ photochemical destruction in low NO_x conditions (OH-HO₂ cycle)
 - ✓ dry deposition on the ground



From Young et al., Elementa, 2018





Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report

Mission:

To provide the research community with an up-to-date scientific assessment of tropospheric ozone's global distribution and trends from the surface to the tropopause.

Deliverables:

1) The first tropospheric ozone assessment report based on all available surface observations, the peer-reviewed literature and new analyses.







TOAR-I Publications

https:// collections.elementascience.org/toar



Young, PJ, et al. 2018 Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Assessment of global-scale model performance for global and regional ozone distributions, variability, and trends. *Elem Sci Anth*, 6: 10. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.265

REVIEW

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Assessment of global-scale model performance for global and regional ozone distributions, variability, and trends

P. J. Young^{*1,4}, V. Naik[§], A. M. Fiore^{I,4}, A. Gaudel^{**,1†}, J. Guol¹, M. Y. Lin^{§1†}, J. L. Neu^{§5}, D. D. Parrish^{**,1†}, H. E. Rieder⁴¹¹, J. L. Schnel¹¹⁶, S. Tilmes^{**,*}, O. Wild^{*}, L. Zhang^{+1†}, J. Ziemke^{+1+,85}, J. Brandt¹¹¹, A. Delcloo⁵⁵⁵, R. M. Doherty^{***,*}, C. Geels¹¹¹, M. I. Hegglin^{111†}, L. Hu^{++1†}, U. Im¹¹¹, R. Kuma⁺⁵⁵⁶, A. Luha⁺¹¹¹¹, L. Murray⁵⁵⁶⁷, D. Plumme^{****}, J. Rodriguez⁺⁺¹, A. Saiz-Lopez^{+111†}, M. G. Schultz⁺⁺¹¹⁴, M. T. Woodhouse¹¹¹¹ and G. Zeng⁵⁵⁵⁵



Schultz, MG, et al 2017 Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Database and metrics data of global surface ozone observations. *Elem Sci Anth*, 5: 58, DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.244

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Database and metrics data of global surface ozone observations

Martin G. Schultz¹⁸², Sabine Schröder¹, Olga Lyapina¹, Owen R. Cooper^{2,3}, Ian Galbally⁴, Irina Petropavlovskikh^{2,3}, Erika von Schneidemesser⁵, Hiroshi Tanimoto⁶, Yasin Elshorbany^{7,8}, Manish Naja⁹, Rodrigo J. Seguel¹⁰, Ute Dauert¹¹, Paul Eckhardt¹², Stefan Feigenspan¹¹, Markus Fiebig¹², Anne-Gunn Hjellbrekke¹², You-Deog Hong¹³, Peter Christian Kjeld¹⁴, Hiroshi Koide¹⁵, Gary Lear¹⁶, David Tarasick¹⁷, Mikio Ueno¹⁵, Markus Wallasch¹⁸, Darrel Baumgardner¹⁹, Ming-Tung Chuang²⁰, Robert Gillett⁴, Meehye Lee²¹, Suzie Molloy⁴, Raeesa Moolla²², Tao Wang²³, Katrina Sharps²⁴, Jose A. Adame²⁵, Gerard Ancellet²⁶, Francesco Apadula²⁷, Paulo Artaxo²⁸, Maria E. Barlasina²⁹, Magdalena Bogucka³⁰, Paolo Bonasoni³¹, Limseok Chang³²,



Archibald, A. T., et al. 2020. Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: A critica review of changes in the tropospheric ozone burden and budget from 1850 t 2100. Elem Sci Anth, 8: 1. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.2020.034

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: A critical review of changes in the tropospheric ozone burden and budget from 1850 to 2100

A. T. Archibald^{1,2,*}, J. L. Neu³, Y. F. Elshorbany⁴, O. R. Cooper^{5,6}, P. J. Young^{7,8,9},
H. Akiyoshi¹⁰, R. A. Cox¹, M. Coyle^{11,12}, R. G. Derwent¹³, M. Deushi¹⁴, A. Finco¹⁵,
G. J. Frost⁶, I. E. Galbally^{16,17}, G. Gerosa¹⁵, C. Granie^{-5,6,18}, P. T. Griffiths^{1,2},
R. Hossain^{7,8}, L. Hu¹⁹, P. Jöckel²⁰, B. Josse²¹, M. Y. Lin²², M. Mertens²⁰,
O. Morgenstern²³, M. Naja²⁴, V. Naik²⁵, S. Oltmas²⁶, D. A. Plumme²⁷, L. E. Revell²⁸,
A. Saiz-Lopez²⁹, P. Saxena³⁰, Y. M. Shin¹, I. Shahid³¹, D. Shallcross³², S. Tilmes³³,
T. Trickl³⁴, T. J. Wallington³⁵, T. Wang³⁶, H. M. Worden³³, and G. Zeng²³

ELEMENTA Science of the Anthropocene Lefohn, AS, et al. 2018 Tropospheric ozone assessment report: Globa metrics for climate change, human health, and crop/ecosystem resear *Sci Anth*, 6: 28. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.279

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tropospheric ozone assessment report: Global ozone metrics for climate change, human health, and crop/ecosystem research

Allen S. Lefohn*, Christopher S. Malley^{1,1,5}, Luther Smith^{II}, Benjamin Wells⁴, Milan Hazucha*, Heather Simon⁴, Vaishali Naik¹⁺, Gina Mills⁴⁺, Martin G. Schultz⁵⁵, Elena Paoletti^{III}, Alessandra De Marco⁴⁵, Xiaobin Xu^{**}, Li Zhang^{1+†}, Tao Wang^{1+†}, Howard S. Neufeld¹⁺⁺, Robert C. Musselman⁵⁵⁵, David Tarasick^{IIII}, Michael Brauer⁴⁵¹, Zhaozhong Feng^{***}, Haoye Tang¹⁺⁺, Kazuhiko Kobayashi⁺⁺⁺⁺, Pierre Sicard⁵⁵⁵, Sverre Solberg^{IIIII} and Giacomo Gerosa⁴⁵⁵¹

Science of the Autherprocesse

Gaudel, A, et al. 2018. Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Present-day distribut and trends of tropospheric Cozone relevant to climate and global atmospheric chemist model evaluation. *Elem Sci Anth*, 6: 39. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.291

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Present-day distribution and trends of tropospheric ozone relevant to climate and global atmospheric chemistry model evaluation

A. Gaudel^{1,2}, O. R. Cooper^{1,2}, G. Ancellet³, B. Barret⁴, A. Boynard^{3,5}, J. P. Burrows⁶,
C. Clerbaux³, P.-F. Coheur⁷, J. Cuesta⁹, E. Cuevas⁹, S. Donikl⁷, G. Dufour⁹, F. Ebojl¹⁰,
G. Foret⁸, O. Garcia¹¹, M. J. Granados-Muño¹²¹³, J. W. Hannigan¹⁴, F. Hase¹⁵,
B. Hassle^{1-1,216}, G. Huang¹⁷, D. Hurtmans⁷, D. Jaffe^{18,19}, N. Jones³⁰, P. Kalabokas²¹,
B. Kerridge²², S. Kulawik^{23,24}, B. Latter²², T. Leblanc¹², E. Le Flochmoën⁴, W. Lin²⁵,
J. Liu^{26,27}, X. Liu¹⁷, E. Mahieu²⁷, A. McClure-Begley^{1,2}, J. L. Neu²³, M. Osman²⁹, M. Palm⁶,
H. Petterin⁴, I. Petropavlovsikh¹⁷, R. Querel²⁸, N. Rahpoe³³, A. Rozanov³³,
M. G. Schultz^{31,32}, J. Schwab³³, R. Siddans²², D. Smale³⁰, M. Steinbacher³⁴,
H. Tanimoto³⁵, D. W. Tarasick³⁶, V. Thouret⁴, A. M. Thompson³⁷, T. Trickl³⁸,
E. Weatherhead^{1,2}, C. Wespes³⁹, H. M. Worden⁴⁰, C. Vigouroux⁴⁰, X. Xu⁴¹,
G. Zeng³⁸, J. Zlemke⁴²

Tarasick, D, et al. 2019. Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Tropo ozone from 1877 to 2016, observed levels, trends and uncertainties. & Anth, 7: 39. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.376

REVIEW

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Tropospheric ozone from 1877 to 2016, observed levels, trends and uncertainties

David Tarasick', Ian E. Galbally^{1,‡}, Owen R. Cooper^{§,I}, Martin G. Schultz¹, Gerard Ancellet*, Thierry Leblanc¹⁺, Timothy J. Wallington^{‡+}, Jerry Ziemke^{§§}, Xiong L Martin Steinbacher⁴¹, Johannes Staehelin^{**}, Corinne Vigouroux^{‡+}, James W. Hanniga Omaira García^{§§}, Gilles Foret^{IIII}, Prodromos Zanis⁴⁴, Elizabeth Weathenbead^{§,I}, Irina Petropavlovskikh^{§,I}, Helen Worden^{‡+}, Mohammed Osman^{****†††,‡‡††}, Kai-Lan Chang^{§,I}, Audrey Gaudel^{§,I}, Meiyun Lin^{449,****}, Maria Granados-Muñoz^{‡†††}, Anne M. Thompson[§], Samuel J. Oltmans^{‡‡‡†}, Juan Cuesta^{IIII}, Gaelle Dufour^{1III}, Valerie Thouret[§][§], Birgit Hassler^{IIIIIII}, Thomas Trickl⁴⁴⁰⁴¹, and Jessica L. Neu^{*****}



Fleming, ZL, et al. 2018 Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Present-day ozone distribution and trends relevant to human health. *Elem Sci Anth,* 6: 12. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.273

tropospheric

assessment

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ozòne

report

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Present-day ozone distribution and trends relevant to human health

Zoë L. Fleming*, Ruth M. Doherty*, Erika von Schneidemesser*, Christopher S. Malley^{&***}^{***}, Owen R. Cooper[#][#], Soeph P. Pinto[#], Augustin Colette*, Xiaobin Xu⁺, David Simpson^{#*,50}[#], Martin G. Schultz[§], Allen S. Lefohn[#], Samera Hamad^{***}, Raeesa Moolla⁺⁺, Sverre Solberg^{##} and Zhaozhong Feng⁵⁵

Science of the Anthropocene

Mills, G, et al. 2018. Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Present-day tropospheric ozone distribution and trends relevant to vegetation. *Elem Sci Anth*, 6: 47. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.302

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report: Present-day tropospheric ozone distribution and trends relevant to vegetation

Gina Mills^{*†}, Håkan Pleijel[†], Christopher S. Malley^{+§,II}, Baerbel Sinha[¶], Owen R. Cooper^{**}, Martin G. Schultz^{+†}, Howard S. Neufeld⁺⁺, David Simpson^{§S,II}, Katrina Sharps^{*}, Zhaozhong Feng^{*®}, Giacomo Gerosa^{***}, Harry Harmens^{*}, Kazuhiko Kobayashi⁺⁺⁺, Pallavi Saxena⁺⁺⁺, Elena Paolett^{†§®}, Vinayak Sinha[¶] and Xiaobin Xu^{IIII}

Science of the Anthropocene

Chang, K-L, et al 2017 Regional trend analysis of surface ozone observations from monitoring networks in eastern North America, Europe and East Asia. *Elem Sci Anth*, 5: 50, DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.243

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Regional trend analysis of surface ozone observations from monitoring networks in eastern North America, Europe and East Asia

Kai-Lan Chang', Irina Petropavlovskikh'', Owen R. Cooper'', Martin G. Schultz' and Tao Wang§

Surface ozone is a greenhouse gas and pollutant detrimental to human health and crop and ecosystem productivity. The Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report (TOAR) is designed to provide the research community with an up-to-date observation-based overview of tropospheric ozone's global distribution and trends. The TOAR Surface Ozone Database contains ozone metrics at thousands of monitoring sites

Xu, X, et al. 2020. Long-term changes of regional ozone in China: implications for human health and ecosystem impacts. *Elem Sci Anth.* 8: 13. DOI: https://doi.org/10.1525/elementa.409

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Long-term changes of regional ozone in China: implications for human health and ecosystem impacts

Xiaobin Xu*, Weili Lin^{†,‡}, Wanyun Xu*, Junli Jin[†], Ying Wang*, Gen Zhang*, Xiaochun Zhang[†], Zhiqiang Ma[§], Yuanzhen Dong^{II}, Qianli Ma[¶], Dajiang Yu**, Zou Li^{††}, Dingding Wang^{‡†} and Huarong Zhao^{§§}





Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report

Mission:

To provide the research community with an up-to-date scientific assessment of tropospheric ozone's global distribution and trends from the surface to the tropopause.

Deliverables:

- 1) The first tropospheric ozone assessment report based on all available surface observations, the peer-reviewed literature and new analyses.
- 2) A database containing ozone exposure metrics at thousands of measurement sites around the world, freely accessible for research on the global-scale impact of ozone on climate, human health and crop/ecosystem productivity.







TOAR-I Database key results



The first global-scale view of all available surface ozone observations

98th percentile

5-year average (2010-2014)

Summertime months

→ surface O₃ data harmonization: world's largest database of surface ozone observations, with ozone metrics and trends calculated consistently for all time series





TOAR-I key results



The first intercomparison of satellite ozone products

Satellite products generally agree regarding global tropospheric ozone hotspots.



Satellite: OMI/MLS, NASA, 2010-2014



TOAR-I key results



The first intercomparison of satellite ozone products

Satellite products generally agree regarding global tropospheric ozone hotspots.

Satellites and IPCC models report similar values for the tropospheric ozone burden.

However, the satellites disagree regarding trends over the past decade (2008-2016).

➔ TOAR-I identified major discrepancies among the ozone trends reported by different satellite products: TOAR-II Satellite Ozone working group.

Tropospheric ozone trends from ground-based and in-situ techniques? TOAR-II GB working group







Tropospheric Ozone Assessment Report, Phase II

TOAR Database: Updated with all recent ozone observations worldwide; add ozone precursors and meteorological data.

Final Product: An observation-based assessment of tropospheric ozone's distribution and trends on regional, hemispheric and global scales *(modelled after IPCC Working Group I)*



Impact studies: will quantify the *impacts* of ozone on human health, vegetation and climate

(modelled after IPCC Working Group II)



TOAR-II Focus Working Groups

TOAR tropospheric ozone assessment report

New research is organized in 16 independent Focus Working Groups:

Chemical Reanalysis Focus Working Group **East Asia** Focus Working Group **Global and Regional Models** Focus Working Group **HEGIFTOM** Focus Working Group Human Health Focus Working Group Machine Learning for Tropospheric Ozone Focus Working Group **Ozone over the Oceans** Focus Working Group **Ozone and Precursors in the Tropics (OPT)** Focus Working Group **Ozone Deposition** Focus Working Group **Radiative Forcing** Focus Working Group **ROSTEES** Focus Working Group Satellite Ozone Focus Working Group South Asia Focus Working Group **Statistics** Focus Working Group **Tropospheric Ozone Precursors (TOP)** Focus Working Group **Urban Ozone** Focus Working Group

IGAC Filmsoneric cursus

TOAR-II Community Special Issue

- Focus Working Group findings to be submitted to the Community Special Issue before 30 Nov 2024
 = inter-journal special issue hosted by Copernicus
- Papers from this community SI (and others) will feed the TOAR-II Assessment Papers:

Health, Climate, Vegetation, STE,

Satellite, S. America, Africa,

Oceans

Earth System Science

Advances in Statistical Climatology, Meteorology and Oceanography

Biogeosciences An interactive open-access journal of the European Geosciences Union

Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics

cus Publications

Geoscientific Model Development

Atmospheric Measurement Techniques

www.earth-system-science-da

Copernicus Publications



TOAR-II Focus Working Groups

New research is organized in 16 independent Focus Working Groups:

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TOAR-II Focus Working Group HEGIFTOM



Harmonization and Evaluation of Ground-based Instruments for Free Tropospheric Ozone Measurements, *chairs: H. Smit & R. Van Malderen*

Key Objective:

Evaluation and harmonization of the different free tropospheric ozone profiling datasets of the established measuring platforms (in-service aircraft, ozonesondes, Brewer/Dobson Umkehr, FTIR, Lidar).

Major Deliverables:

- <u>Quality assessed</u> ozone data sets, whereby each measurement gets also an <u>uncertainty</u> and a <u>quality flag</u>.
- Thereby, <u>representativeness</u> and <u>instrumen-</u> <u>tal drifts</u> will be characterized and evaluated.
- Assessment of tropospheric ozone trends.
- Testing ozone retrievals from new remote sensing techniques (MAX-DOAS, Pandora) against the established techniques.





Ozonesondes



Brewer/Dobson Umkehr







MAX-DOAS & Pandora

http://hegiftom.meteo.be/datasets

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Achievements and updates:

- IAGOS:
 - o internal consistency paper published in AMT (Blot et al., <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-14-3935-2021</u>),
 - simulation chamber comparison of IAGOS-CORE UV-photometer and reference photometer for ozonesondes (Smit et al., <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2024-3760</u>)
- Lidar: TMF data has been updated with new data processor, OHP will follow
- **FTIR:** flagging applied to the NDACC data
- Brewer/Dobson Umkehr:
 - 6 Dobson Umkehr sites have been homogenized (Petropavlovskikh et al., <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-15-1849-2022</u>)
 - Updated uncertainty estimation of the retrievals.
- ozonesondes:
 - 12 more sites homogenized, e.g. OHP, Lauder, Arctic sites (10-15/55 remaining) -> see RMI seminar given by Deniz Poyraz (now @ROB) on 6 Oct 2023
 - homogenized data available on ftp-server



HEGIFTOM: Homogenized datasets



Deliverable: Homogenized free tropospheric ozone profile data, described at HEGIFTOM website, with same template for each dataset:

Availability

location (ftp, data archive, website, doi, e-mail address contact person, etc.).

Data field description

Measured data fields (and their units), incl. auxiliary data fields, available metadata. Data format

Description of homogenization procedure

short description of the steps taken to make the dataset (more) homogeneous within the network.

Data management

- Flagging
- Uncertainties
- Traceability
- Internal consistency
- External consistency
- Data quality indicators
- List of homogenized sites (name, geographical location, period of observations)

https://hegiftom.meteo.be/datasets



HEGIFTOM: Homogenized datasets

TOARR tropospheric ozone assessment report

Ozonesondes



- 43 sites (green dots) with homogenized ozone profile data
- Profile data available at ftp-server

https://hegiftom.meteo.be/datasets/ozonesondes



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HEGIFTOM: Homogenized datasets

ozòne

https://hegiftom.meteo.be/datasets/ftir



Those sites also provide CO/HCHO ۲

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HEGIFTOM: Intercomparisons (external consistency)

- TOAR tropospheric ozone assessment report
- Deliverable: TOAR-II Intercomparison Guidelines for Observations of Tropospheric Column Ozone and Tropospheric Ozone Profiles (<u>https://igacproject.org/sites/default/files/2022-03/TOAR-</u> <u>II Guidelines for TCO and Profile Intercomparisons.pdf</u>)
- IAGOS aircraft vs. ozonesonde profiles at 11 stations



HEGIFTOM: Intercomparisons (external consistency)

Intercomparisons: comparison of (tropospheric) ozone retrievals from different ground-based instruments at dedicated sites



Lauder (New Zealand)

ozòne assessment report

Dhase

Björklund et al., AMT, TOAR-II SI, 2024

HEGIFTOM: Tropospheric ozone columns (TrOC)

Deliverable: time series of different (partial) tropospheric ozone column amounts

- 1. P > P_TP (WMO)
- 2. P > P (lat) (e.g. 150 hPa @ tropics, 400 hPa in polar regions)
- 3. P > 300 hPa HERE!
- 4. FT: 4 < h < 8 km AND 700 hPa > P > 300 hPa
- 5. LT: h < 4 km AND P > 700 hPa
- 6. BL: h < 2 km
- for all sites/techniques, if feasible
- provided for all measurements (L1), together with daily means (L2) and monthly means (L3)
- available in DU or ppb
- uncertainties included (random, systematic, total, statistical)
- simple csv files, with readme files per technique

https://hegiftom.meteo.be/datasets/tropospheric-ozone-columns-trocs

the 2 recommended TOAR-II tropospheric ozone column definitions





Year

HEGIFTOM: TrOC intercomparisons at collocated sites



Year



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Year



HEGIFTOM: TrOC intercomparisons at collocated sites

TOAR tropospheric ozone assessment report Phase



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HEGIFTOM: Tropospheric ozone column trends

- TOAR-II: tropospheric ozone trends assessment
- In literature:

TOST = Trajectorymapped Ozonesonde dataset for the Stratosphere and Troposphere

(Wang et al., ACP, TOAR-II SI, 2024)

Fig. 2.8 of IPCC AR6, 2021.



✓<u>Here</u>: focus on high-quality ground-based and in-situ measurements

ozòne' assessmen report

- (individual sites + "merged")
- Consistency in tropospheric ozone column metric
 (<u>here</u>: surface to 300 hPa)
- ✓ Consistency in used trend estimation tools (QR vs. MLR)
- ✓ Consistency in time ranges (here: 2000-2002 till 2019-2022)

✓ Consistency in units (ppbv/dec)

✓Not only as function of latitude!



Individual site trends sample





- Sampling (> 120 months of data) and gaps (2000+) put constraints
- 55 sites
- Some sites with different techniques (Boulder, Hawaii, Lauder, OHP, Ny Ålesund, Izaña, ...)
 → intercomparisons



Tropospheric ozone column distribution



Mean column-averaged tropospheric ozone distribution (TrOC) from **surface – 300 hPa** for **2000-2022**

- <u>Lowest</u>: tropics (< ±15°) and SH;
 <u>Highest</u>: NH (spring & summer!)
- Reason: ozone production from enhanced anthropogenic emissions in the NH and higher rates of stratospheric downwelling

Tropospheric ozone column distribution



(mean) Tropospheric ozone column distribution: DJF vs. JJA





- Highest values in JJA in **NH**: peak photochemical production & summertime emission max of biogenic VOC ozone precursors
- >< SH (SON): STE & biomass burning



Tropospheric ozone column distribution





- tropospheric ozone distribution (TrOC) from surface – 300 hPa for 2000-2022
- Now compare mean TrOC values for 2000 – 2019 vs. 2020 – 2022 (COVID-19 period)

Tropospheric ozone column distribution: COVID impact





- Relative change of mean TrOC for the time period 2020-2022 vs. 2000-2019
 Blue: 2020-2022 < 2000-2019
 Red: 2020-2022 > 2000-2019
- Decline in 75% of the sites, on average -2.5% prominent in NH (spring + summer)
- Reason: decreased emissions of ozone precursors (e.g. NO₂) due to COVID-19 lockdown restrictions
- Impact on trends!



Individual site trends: QR median trends





- same number of positive and negative trends, **42%** of the sites with **non-significant trends**
- mostly within ± 3 ppbv/decade → constraints for satellite and model products



Individual site trends: QR median + MLR trends





→ Estimates and conclusions fairly independent of used statistical trend estimation tool



Individual site trends: post-COVID impact





For 75% of sites: **trend reduction** in 2000-2022 w.r.t. 2000-2019 period! (-0.34 ppbv/dec for entire sample)

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Individual site trends: QR median trends







Spatial Gap filling?

Regional trend consistency? Merging?

- Trend differences at multi-instrument sites?
- Negative trends at high (polar) latitudes?



"Regionalized" trends



Gap filling?



Sites with data in 2000-2022 period

es used for trend calculation f 2000-2022 period



Strategy for regionalized trends



Which regions/sites?



- Correlation maps between CAMS TrOC (sfc 300 hPa) monthly anomalies at HEGIFTOM sites (here: Frankfurt, IAGOS & Hefei, FTIR)
- r > 0.7!



2 strategies for regionalized trends

TOST



Trends in defined regions with TOST (Trajectory-mapped Ozonesonde dataset for the Stratosphere and Troposphere): ozonesondes only!





assessme

Statistical method (linear mixedeffects modelling, LMM) for calculating synthetized trends from well-correlated individual time series for <u>all instruments</u>, allowing an intercept and a slope to adjust the difference from each individual trend against the overall trends.









Trends in defined regions with TOST

- (Trajectory-mapped
- Ozonesonde dataset
- for the Stratosphere and
- Troposphere):
- ozonesondes only!



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Regions

- 1. regions
 - 12 regions, mainly NH (highest TrOC amounts)
 - Based on the density of <u>ozonesonde</u> observations in well-correlated regions
 - 2 periods:
 1995-2021, 2000-2021

(a) Ozone mixing ratio: surface-300 hPa, 1995-2021



10 13 16 19 22 25 28 31 34 37 40 43 46 49 52 55 58 61 64 67 70 73 76 79

 $\begin{array}{c}
75^{\circ}N\\60^{\circ}N\\45^{\circ}N\\0^{\circ}\\15^{\circ}N\\0^{\circ}\\0^{\circ}\\180^{\circ}\\0^{\circ}\\0^{\circ}\\180^{\circ}\\0^{\circ$

(c) Independent samples: surface-300 hPa, 1995-2021





Trends



- positive trends in (South)East Asia, negative elsewhere (except around some individual sites in Africa)
- trend differences between two different periods (1995+ vs. 2000+) insignificant



Ozone trend (ppb/decade) for two periods





L. regions

for all regions and two periods (1995+, 2000+):

COVID impact?

pre-COVID trends > post-COVID trends





2 strategies for regionalized trends

TOST



Trends in defined regions with TOST (Trajectory-mapped Ozonesonde dataset for the Stratosphere and Troposphere): ozonesondes only!





assessme

Statistical method (linear mixedeffects modelling, LMM) for calculating synthetized trends from well-correlated individual time series for <u>all instruments</u>, allowing an intercept and a slope to adjust the difference from each individual trend against the overall trends.



- the individual trends are
 adjusted to calculate a
 synthetized trend for the
 combined time series
- example: monthly means, in practice: all measurements!
- different weights for
 different techniques
 (uncertainties) to
 counterbalance weight
 given to higher number of
 measurements



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for

X₀₃

-2

17

- 🗇

-180 -150 -120 -90 -60

-30

0

Longitude

15

-15

-30

-45

-4

♦ S Japan

X NE Asia

∆ SE Asia · ○ S China Sea

× India △ Persian Gulf _ □ Gulf of Guinea

X Hawaii

♦ S Malay Peninsula

-2

⊢ –⊟- –

0

2

 X_{03} for P > 300 hPa [ppb/dec]

6

8

т т₁ vs. 2000+) mostly insignificant (! East China + SE Asia) 30 60 90 120 150 180





All trends: 2000-2022





background grey = individual site trends different colors = different regions open symbols = synthesized LMM trends filled symbols = TOST regional trends

- Regional trends "summarize" individual trend estimates
- No large trend diff. between similar regions for 2 approaches



All trends: 1995-2022





different colors = different regions open symbols = synthesized LMM trends filled symbols = TOST regional trends

- No large trend diff. between similar regions for 2 approaches
- TOST trends closer to zero than LMM trends

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All trends



background grey = individual site trends different colors = different regions open symbols = synthesized trends filled symbols = TOST regional trends



Sat3 1995-2015 (GOME, SCIAMACHY, GOME-II)

LATITUDINAL

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All trends





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- Homogenized ground-based measurements provide TrOC (sfc- 300 hPa) trend estimates within ± 3 ppb/dec, for TrOC ranging between 20 (SH, DJF) and 80 ppb (NH, MAM & JJA, especially East USA, South EU, East Asia)
- Mixture of positive and negative trends worldwide, but consistently negative in Arctic (?) and positive in East Asia (continuing increase of ozone precursor emissions)
- COVID-19 restrictions led to less ozone precursor emissions and decreasing TrOC amounts, impacting present-day (i.e. post-COVID) trends

Further reading and outlook

https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2024-3745

Preprint. Discussion started: 13 January 2025

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https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2024-3736 Preprint. Discussion started: 13 January 2025 © Author(s) 2025. CC BY 4.0 License.

https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2024-3736

Global Ground-based Tropospheric Ozone Measurements: Reference Data and Individual Site Trends (2000-2022) from the TOAR-II/HEGIFTOM Project

Roeland Van Malderen¹, Anne M. Thompson^{2,3}, Debra E. Kollonige^{2,4}, Ryan M. Stauffer², Herman G.J. Smit⁵, Eliane Maillard Barras⁶, Corinne Vigouroux⁷, Irina Petropavlovskikh^{8,9}, Thierry Leblanc¹⁰, Valérie Thouret¹¹, Pawel Wolff¹², Peter Effertz^{8,9}, David W. Tarasick¹³, Deniz Poyraz¹, Gérard Ancellet¹⁴, Marie-Renée De Backer¹⁵, Stéphanie Evan¹⁶, Victoria Flood¹⁷, Matthias M. Frey¹⁸, James W. Hannigan¹⁹, José L. Hernandez²⁰, Marco Iarlori²¹, Bryan J. Johnson⁹, Nicholas Jones²², Rigel Kivi²³, Emmanuel Mahieu²⁴, Glen McConville⁹, Katrin Müller²⁵, Tomoo Nagahama²⁶, Justus Notholt²⁷, Ankie Piters²⁸, Natalia Prats²⁹, Richard Querel³⁰, Dan Smale³⁰, Wolfgang Steinbrecht³¹, Kimberly Strong¹⁷, Ralf Sussmann³²

bttps://doi.org/10.5104/ogusphoro.2024.2

https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2024-3745

Ground-based Tropospheric Ozone Measurements: Regional tropospheric ozone column trends from the TOAR-II/ HEGIFTOM homogenized datasets

Roeland Van Malderen¹, Zhou Zang², Kai-Lan Chang^{3,4}, Robin Björklund⁵, Owen R. Cooper⁴, Jane Liu², Eliane Maillard Barras⁶, Corinne Vigouroux⁵, Irina Petropavlovskikh^{3,7}, Thierry Leblanc⁸, Valérie Thouret⁹, Pawel Wolff¹⁰, Peter Effertz^{3,7}, Audrey Gaudel^{3,4}, David W. Tarasick¹¹, Herman G.J. Smit¹², Anne M. Thompson^{13,14}, Ryan M. Stauffer¹³, Debra E. Kollonige^{13,15}, Deniz Poyraz¹, Gérard Ancellet¹⁶, Marie-Renée De Backer¹⁷, Matthias M. Frey¹⁸, James W. Hannigan¹⁹, José L. Hernandez²⁰, Bryan J. Johnson⁷, Nicholas Jones²¹, Rigel Kivi²², Emmanuel Mahieu²³, Isamu Morino²⁴, Glen McConville⁷, Katrin Müller²⁵, Isao Murata²⁶, Justus Notholt²⁷, Ankie Piters²⁸, Maxime Prignon²⁹, Richard Querel³⁰, Vincenzo Rizi³¹, Dan Smale³⁰, Wolfgang Steinbrecht³², Kimberly Strong³³, Ralf Sussmann³⁴

- Those contain additionally detailed TrOC intercomparisons at nearby/collocated sites, 1990/1995/2000 – 2022 trend comparisons, relative contribution of lower+free-tropospheric ozone column trends to entire tropospheric ozone column trends, TrOC seasonal cycle change, etc.
 - Those do not contain: variation of **seasonal or low/high percentile trends**!

Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

tropospheric ozone assessment report

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